


KAPITAŁ LUDZKI
 NARODOWA STRATEGIA SPÓJNOŚCI

 Projekt współfinansowany przez
 Unię Europejską w ramach
 Europejskiego Funduszu
 Społecznego

UNIA EUROPEJSKA
 EUROPEJSKI
 FUNDUSZ SPOŁECZNY


Course title		ECTS code	
Introduction to physics		13.2.0423	
Name of unit administrating study			
Faculty of Mathematics, Physics and Informatics			
Studies			
faculty	field of study	type	second tier studies (MA)
Faculty of Mathematics, Physics and Informatics	Quantum Information Technology	form	full-time
		specialty	all
		specialization	all
Teaching staff			
prof. dr hab. Marek Żukowski; mgr Paulo Cavalcanti; dr Krzysztof Szczygielski; dr Adrian Kołodziejcki			
Forms of classes, the realization and number of hours		ECTS credits	
Forms of classes		5	
Auditorium classes, Lecture			
The realization of activities			
classroom instruction, online classes			
Number of hours			
Auditorium classes: 30 hours, Lecture: 30 hours			
The academic cycle			
2022/2023 winter semester			
Type of course		Language of instruction	
obligatory		english	
Teaching methods		Form and method of assessment and basic criteria for evaluation or examination requirements	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - discussion - multimedia-based lecture - problem solving - problem-focused lecture - text analysis and discussion 		Final evaluation	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Graded credit - Examination 	
		Assessment methods	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - written exam with open questions - (mid-term / end-term) test - written exam (test) - written exam (long written answer/problem solving) - oral exam 	
		The basic criteria for evaluation	
		Classes: Correctly solved problems in minimum 50% Lecture: Marking of the written part, plus a discussion with the student related with the written part, but not only. Student bids for a specific grade, and after that professor selects questions/problem from the list	
Method of verifying required learning outcomes			
Required courses and introductory requirements			
A. Formal requirements			
Bachelor's degree in mathematics or informatics in the case of students who are bachelors in physics the course will to a large extent a review of things learned earlier in a way which shows various links.			
B. Prerequisites			
Elementary knowledge of physics and good knowledge of general university level mathematics for students of exact sciences (calculus, algebra			

Aims of education	
A quick overview of modern physics with accent on theory (not including thermodynamics, statistical physics and open systems, as these will be covered in other lectures)	
Course contents	
Brief introductions to: Newtonian dynamics. Lagrange and Hamiltonian formalism. Classical symmetries. Classical electrodynamics. Basic of special and general relativity. Quantum mechanics. Bosons and fermions. Quantum electrodynamics. Other topics concerning fundamental laws of physics (emerging for discussions with the students).	
Bibliography of literature	
The Theoretical Minimum: What You Need to Know to Start Doing Physics Illustrated Edition by Leonard Susskind, and , George Hrabovsky ISBN-13: 978-0465075683, ISBN-10: 0465075681 Quantum Theory: Concepts and Methods, Asher Peres, Published by (Springer), ISBN 10: 0792336321 ISBN 13: 9780792336327 The Principles of Quantum Mechanics (International Series of Monographs on Physics), Dirac, P. A. M., Published by Clarendon Press (1982), ISBN 10: 0198520115 ISBN 13: 9780198520115 Introduction to the Theory of Relativity, Peter G Bergmann, ISBN: 0486632822B	
The learning outcomes (for the field of study and specialization)	Knowledge
	Skills
	Social competence
K_W01 Student has extensive knowledge of general physics and advanced knowledge in the area of quantum information theory; knows the history of the development of quantum information theory and its importance for the progress of science, world cognition and social development K_W06 Student has knowledge of the current trends in the development of physics, in particular within the quantum information theory K_U01 Student is able to apply the scientific method and physical knowledge in solving problems formulated in the theory of quantum information, carrying out experiments and making conclusions K_U04 Student can find the necessary information in professional literature, both in databases and other sources; can recreate the reasoning or the course of an experiment described in the literature, taking into account the assumptions and approximations made K_K06 Student is aware of the dangers of obtaining information from unverified sources, including those from the Internet	W01: Students have a general knowledge about modern description of basic laws of physics (K_W01, K_W06) U01 Ability to understand texts and paper using methods of basic modern physics (K_U04) U02 Students are able to solve problems within various areas of modern physics (K_U01) K01 Being able to see quantum technologies in a broader perspective. Having and education allowing PhD studies not only in quantum information but also physics. Being able to debunk pseudo-science (K_K06)
Contact	
marek.zukowski@ug.edu.pl	